

## Lecture Outline

- Input device characteristics
- Desktop devices
- Tracking devices
  - position
  - eye
  - gloves
- 3D mice
- Direct human input
- Building special input devices

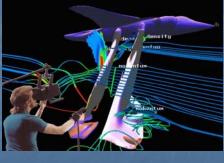
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# **Input Devices**

- Hardware that allows the user to communicate with the system
- Input device vs. interaction technique
- Single device can implement many Its



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# Input Device Characteristics

- Degrees of Freedom (DOFs) & DOF composition (integral vs. separable)
- Type of electronics: Digital vs. analog
- Range of reported values: discrete/continuous/hybrid
- Data type of reported values: Boolean vs. integer vs. floating point

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# More Input Device Characteristics

- User action required: active/passive/hybrid
- Method of providing information: "push" vs. "pull"
- Intended use: locator, valuator, choice, ...
- Frame of reference: relative vs. absolute
- Properties sensed: position, motion, force,

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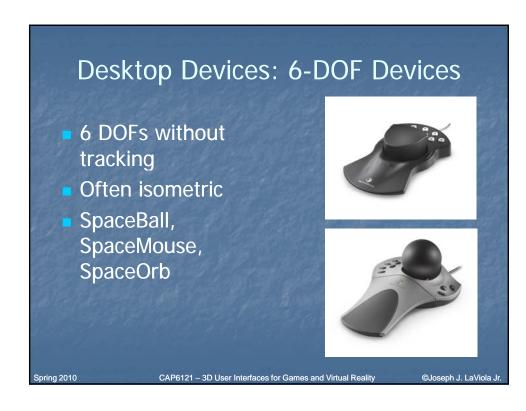
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### Tracking Devices: Position **Trackers** Measure position and/or orientation of a sensor Degrees of freedom (DOFs) Most VEs track the head motion parallax natural viewing Types of trackers magnetic mechanical acoustic inertial vision/camera hybrids CAP6121 - 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality ©Joseph J. LaViola Jr Spring 2010

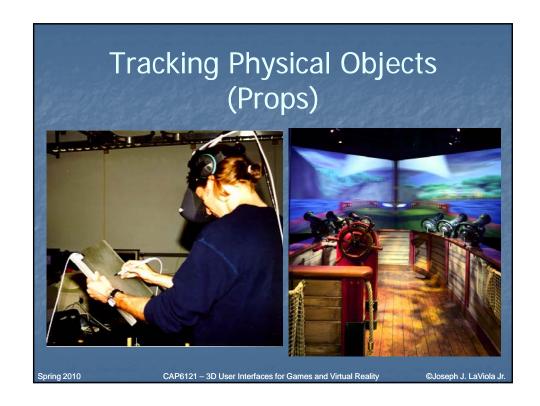
# Other Uses For Trackers

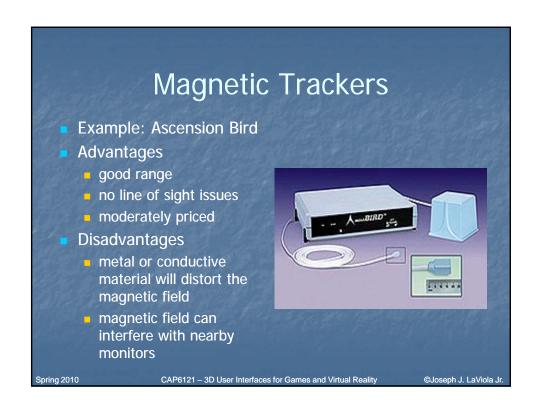
- Track hands, feet, etc.
  - "whole body" interaction
  - motion capture application
- Correspondence between physical/virtual objects
  - props
  - spatial input devices

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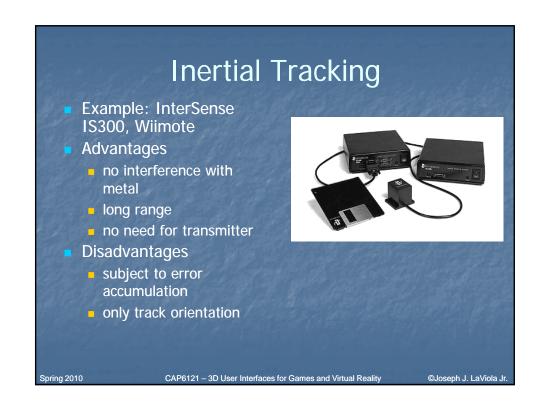
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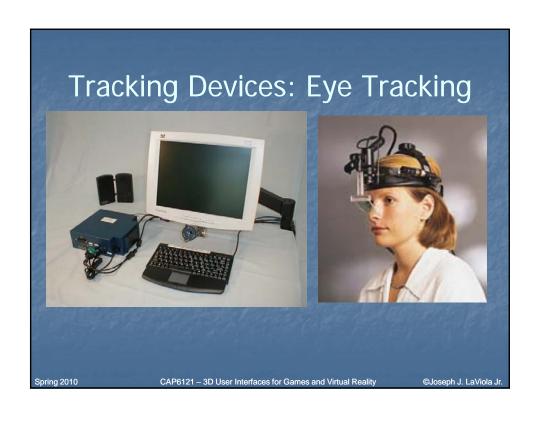
# Mechanical Trackers Example: Fakespace BOOM tracker Advantages low latency very accurate Disadvantages big and bulky usually only one sensor reduced mobility expensive Spring 2010 CAP6121-3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality Quoseph J. LaViola Jr.

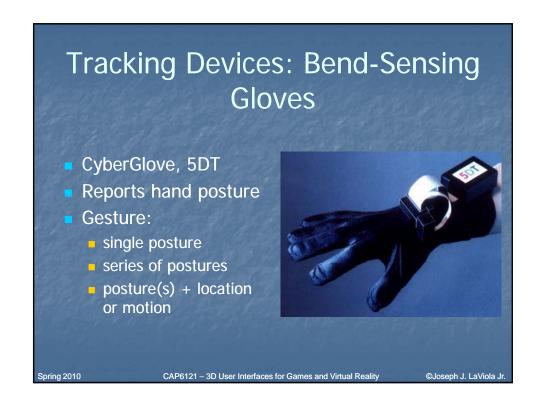




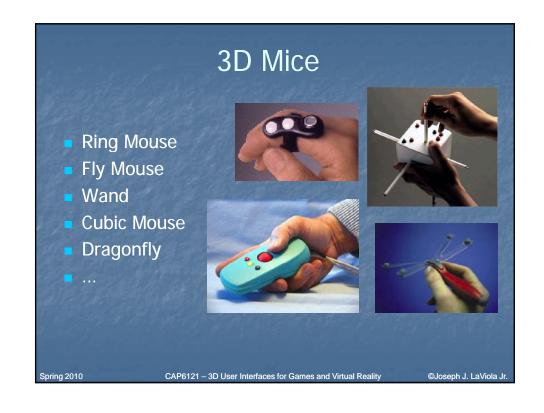


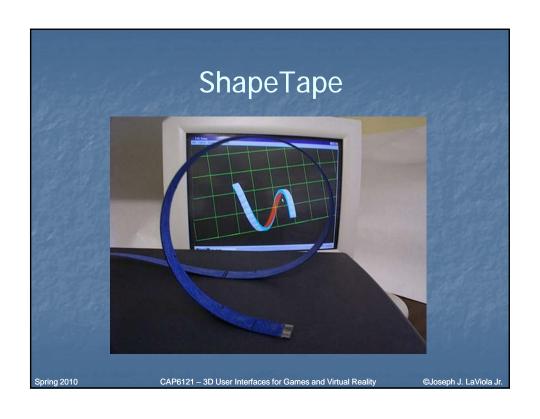


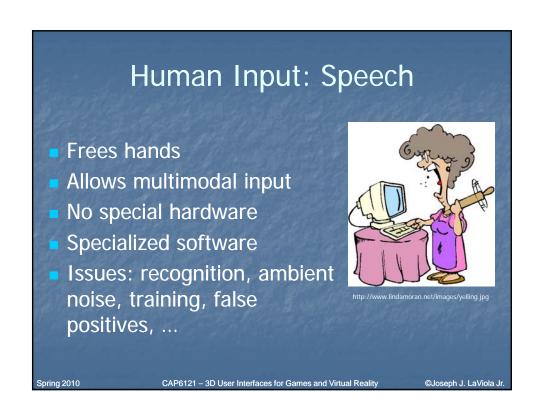




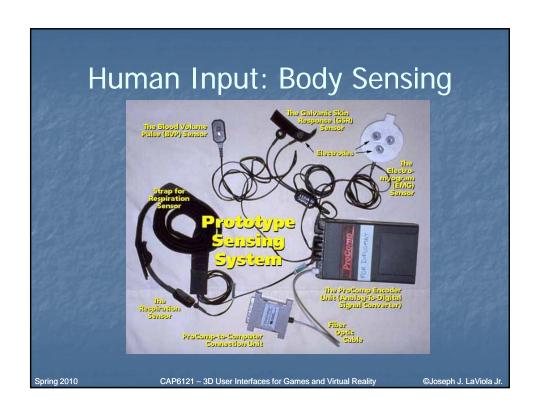


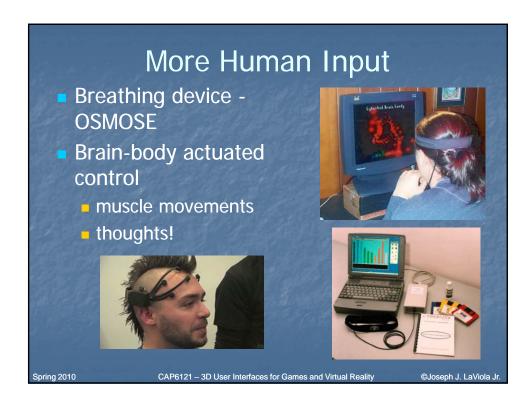


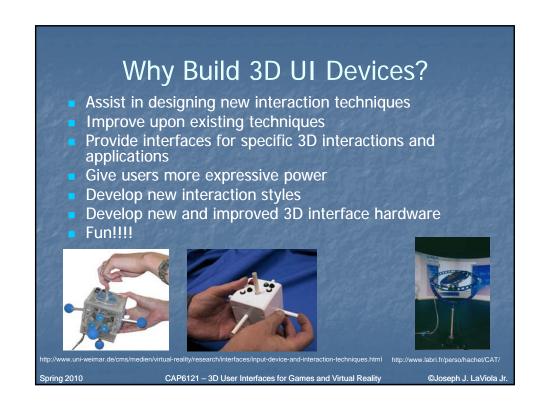




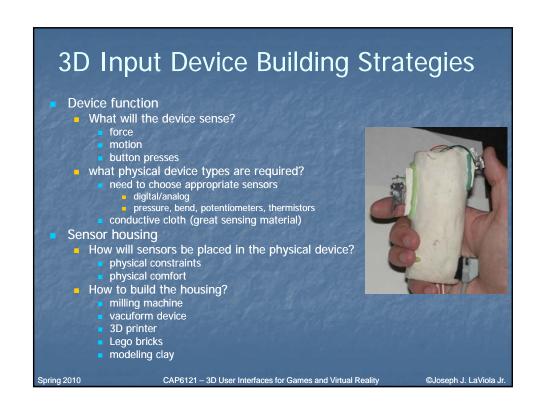




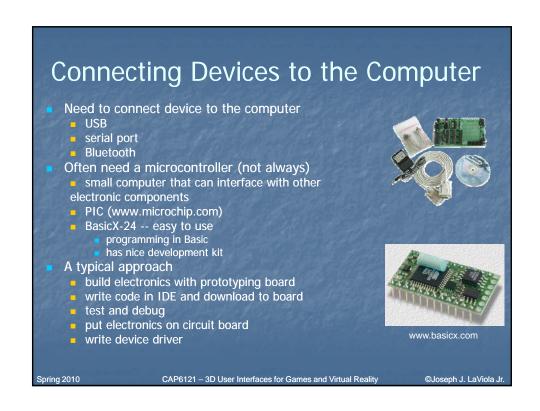












### Software for the Device

- Need to have software to use device in applications
- Several strategies
  - write driver from scratch
    - need to know something about OS low level support functions
    - understanding of serial/USB communication protocols
    - typical functions open, close, read, write
    - plug into API
  - utilize existing software provide drivers for many devices and machinery to create new ones
    - VRPN developed at U. North Carolina
    - VRJuggler developed at Iowa State
  - interface device toolkits
    - Phidgets
    - I-CubeX

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### Case Study 1 – Interaction Slippers Providing more powerful methods of expression Offload functionality to the user's feet **Input Device** pair of commercial house slippers embedded Logitech Trackman Live!<sup>TM</sup> – wireless trackball conductive cloth Allows for toe and heel tapping Interact with the Step WIM miniature version of the world place on the floor toe tap to invoke the WIM CAP6121 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality Spring 2010 ©Joseph J. LaViola Jr

